# **Practical**

### Lower Limb:

#### A) Bones

- Injury to the common peroneal n . in the neck of fibula  $\rightarrow$  foot drop .
- post. to the medial malleolus → groove for tibialis posterior . (غالبا يسأل عنها)
- lateral & inf. Aspect of Cuboid → groove for peroneus longus tendon .
- medial aspect of calcaneus  $\rightarrow$  groove for Hallucis longus tendon.
- tuberosity of  $5^{th}$  metatarsal bone  $\rightarrow$  insertion for peroneus previs muscle.
- lower head of femur → Intercondylar notch .

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### B) X-ray (1-3) Qs

Note: the Fractures are not included.

- 1) you have to be able to identify the bones of foot, so memorize them!
- 2) a structure is pointed; then the dr. asks:

# the muscle attached to the pointed structure is supplied by ?!

- -- **Greater trochanter**; insertion for Gluteus medius & minimus → innervated by : Sup. Gluteal nerve.
- -- **Lesser trochanter**; insertion for Iliopsoas muscle → innervated by : Psoas : Lumber plexus nerves . Iliacus : femoral nerve .

# All muscles attached to the pointed structure are supplied by ....... Except ....

- -- Ischial tuberosity; the muscles attached to it are:
- biceps femoris ( long head ) → tibial portion of sciatic nerve .
- semimembranosus & semitendenosus → tibial portion of sciatic nerve .
- Adductor magnus ( **hamstring or ischial** portion )  $\rightarrow$  tibial portion of sciatic nerve . Now ;
- Biceps femoris ( **short** head ) → common peroneal nerve .
- Adductor magnus ( **pubic** portion )  $\rightarrow$  Obturator nerve .

so the answer will be one of the two previous points .

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C) a question about the unligated structure!

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# Head & Neck:

### A) Dura

the ligated structure (sinus) drains into ..... !?

#### - sup. Sagittal sinus:

receives the <u>Sup</u>. Cerebral veins.

drains into **Right** Transverse sinus  $\rightarrow$  Rt. sigmoid sinus  $\rightarrow$  Rt. internal jugular vein .

- Inf. Sagittal sinus:

joins the **Great** Cerebral vein.

drains into **Left** Transverse sinus  $\rightarrow$  Lt. sigmoid  $\rightarrow$  Lt. internal jugular vein .

### B) Blood supply

Identify .... major & clear arteries .

- common carotid

- facial
- superficial temporal .

## Vertebral column:

- 1) Atlas: identify
- 2) Axis: has adontoid process.
- 3) Atlantoaxial joint: for rotation of the head on the axis
- 4) intervertebral disks: read the whole info. about it
- 5) foramen transversarium : in the cervical vertebrae for the passage of vertebral arteries & veins
- 5) 1st rib : scalene tubercle on the sup. surface anterior groove for subclavian vein & posterior groove for the artery